

# Service Oriented Architecture Framework

## A Platform Strategy

Working  
at  
OSI Layers 7, 8, 9  
within  
*Secure Content Aware Networks*

Is it enough to stay at Layer 5 and below where differentiation is based on product superior Commodity.

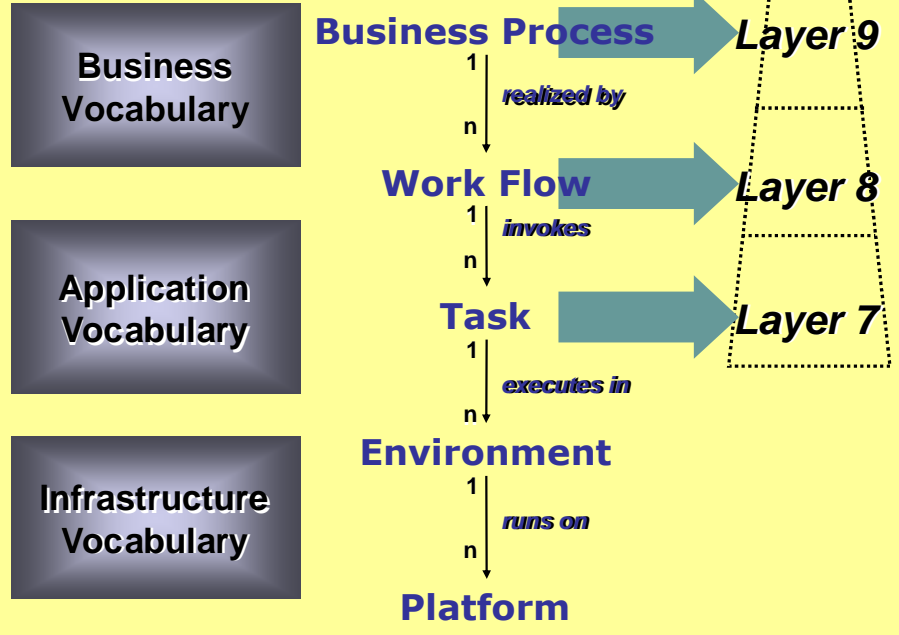
For one more year perhaps? What after that?

Layer 7: Application

Layer 8: Work Flow

Layer 9: Business Process

# What are these "new" OSI Layers? Answer: Refraction of OSI Layer 7



# Single Sign-on is the biggest Security pain from a User's perspective

SCAN makes  
*Authentication* and other Security  
functions transparent  
to any application.

And Authority Happens.

# Security Message Categories

## Factored Functionality

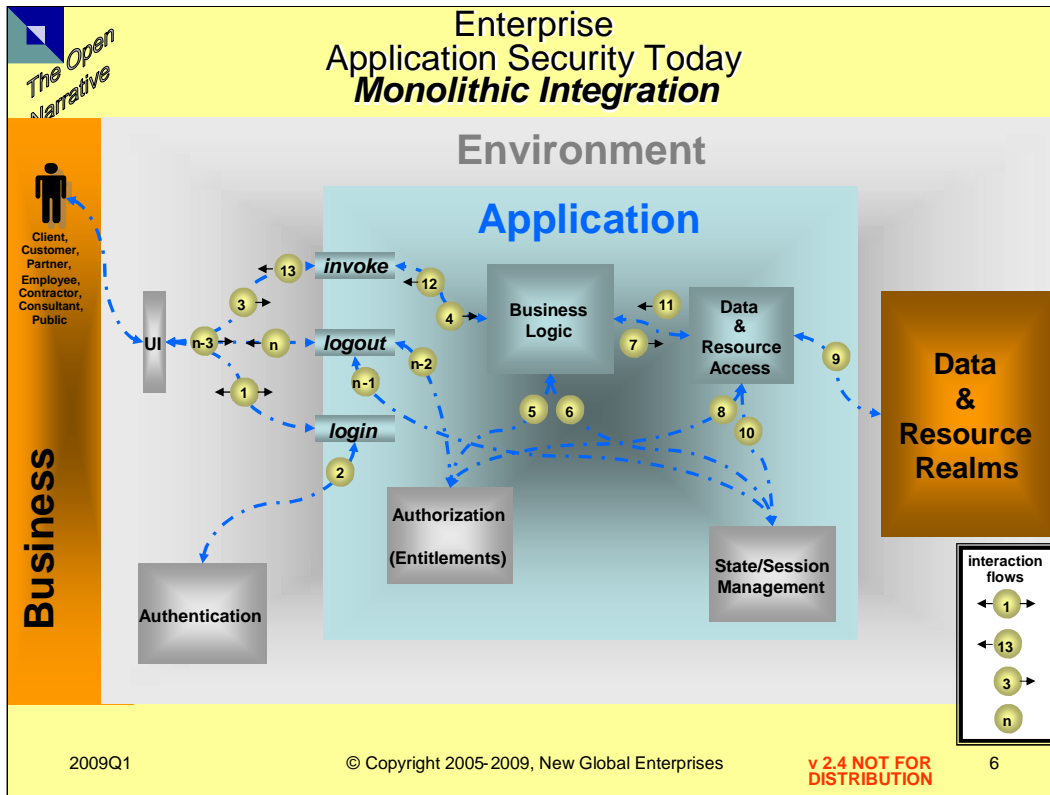
| Security Protocols | Service Invocation (SI) | Event Dispatch (ED) | Data Distribution (DD) |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Business           | login                   | login               | login                  |
| Application        | login                   | login               | login                  |
| Infrastructure     | login                   | login               | login                  |

**SCAN**

e.g., **login** plays in every Category

# Application Security Example

Factoring today's applications



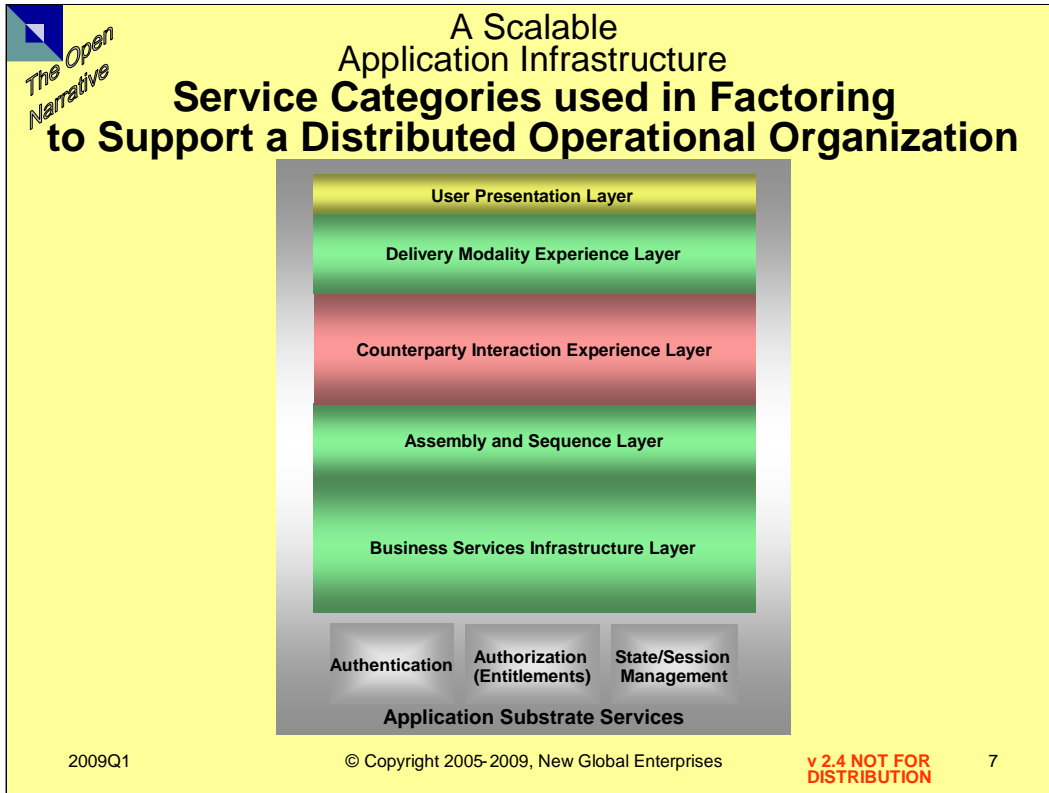
Example sequence and flow

1. Credential presentation protocol (https put **login** form + password factor and role resolution sequence: rich client?), ends with a Navigation Window
2. Verification Protocol, produces a Certificate which expires if not used within a variable but fixed period of time and always in a variable but fixed period of time
3. Selection protocol in navigation Window (https put **invoke** form)
4. Method invocation in app server of a Java Process: Application Function object
5. Verify credential for use in function (method invocation to Authorization Enterprise Java Bean)
6. Update State and Session Context (method invocation to State/Session Enterprise Java Bean)
7. Request object profile from Data Manager (method invocation to Data Realm Enterprise Java Bean)
8. Verify credential for access to data (method invocation to Authorization Enterprise Java Bean)
9. Send SQL statement to Data Base (e.g., Oracle PS SQL)
10. Update State and Session Context (method invocation to State/Session Enterprise Java Bean)
11. Return Protocol for Result Set
12. Formatting protocol for User View (JSP dhtml)
13. Presentation protocol for User (Browser)
14. Yada yada yada

- 
- 
- 

- n-3. Logout protocol
- n-2. Destruction Protocol for Certificate
- n-1. Destruction Protocol for State/Session
- n. User Notification of exit from Application

Etc., etc., etc.



**Business Investment Focus:**

**Creating Capabilities (Processes that produce significant results) known as Service Point Suites in the SOA World.**

**•Products**

Targets basic Business Services Infrastructure like Customer, Product, Partner, Employee, etc, and the capabilities to orchestrate and integrate because this is the Product customization feature

**•Channels**

Targets Delivery Modality and User Presentation Experiences which are the modalities that the Customer/Clients Segments deal with the Services/Products of the Firm

**•Segments**

Targets the Counterparty Interaction Experience with Firm Business Processes

**•All three Firm Business Units invest in the Application Substrate Services as these are common infrastructure for Applications**

**Service Layers**

**•User Presentation Experience**—the look and feel of the Client and Provider interaction.

**•Delivery Modality Experience**—which is how a device/delivery mechanism mediates the Client Experience: a cell phone is different from a Blackberry is different from a mouse, keyboard and monitor which differ through direct-connect served by an agent as opposed to through the Web.

**•Counterparty Interaction Experience**—which is how the Client and Provider discover and deliver the Value in those services: this is, after all, the Business point of it all.

**•Assembly and Sequence**—which composes those basic and other composite services: the subject of current W3C working group debate.

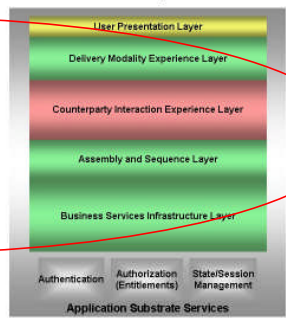
**•Business Services Infrastructure**—which form the basic component substrate: IBM (PwC) has done a version of this for European Banking.

**•Application Substrate Services**—which handle the management of (1) security (Identity, Authorization and Role), (2) messaging protocols among components (both within and outside the enterprise, e.g., Web Services, E-Mail, IM, VoIP), (3) session/work flow, (4) personalization, and, (5) the collection, integration, storage and delivery of data to components of the Stack: all these functionalities “just happen” which allows the creator of functionality of the components to focus on business requirements

# Layer 9 Business Process Engineering

- Business Processes, in economic terms, produce Significant Capabilities
  - Layer 9 is engineering for Significant Business Capabilities
- This is Business Design and Optimization
  - Interaction Contracts with Counterparties

A Scalable Application Infrastructure  
Service Oriented Software Architecture  
to Support a Distributed Operational Organization



Level and Scope

Up the Stack and Across the Applications



# Layer 8

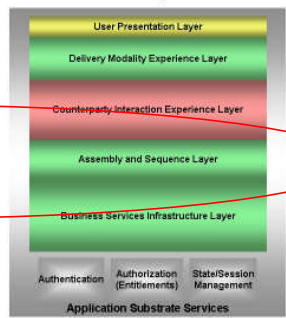
## People AND Workflow using Applications

- Layer 8 is about what the **People** assemble & sequence executing **Business Processes** within Application Layer 7

– **Workflow**

- and all the ancillary protocols among peer components in this Layer

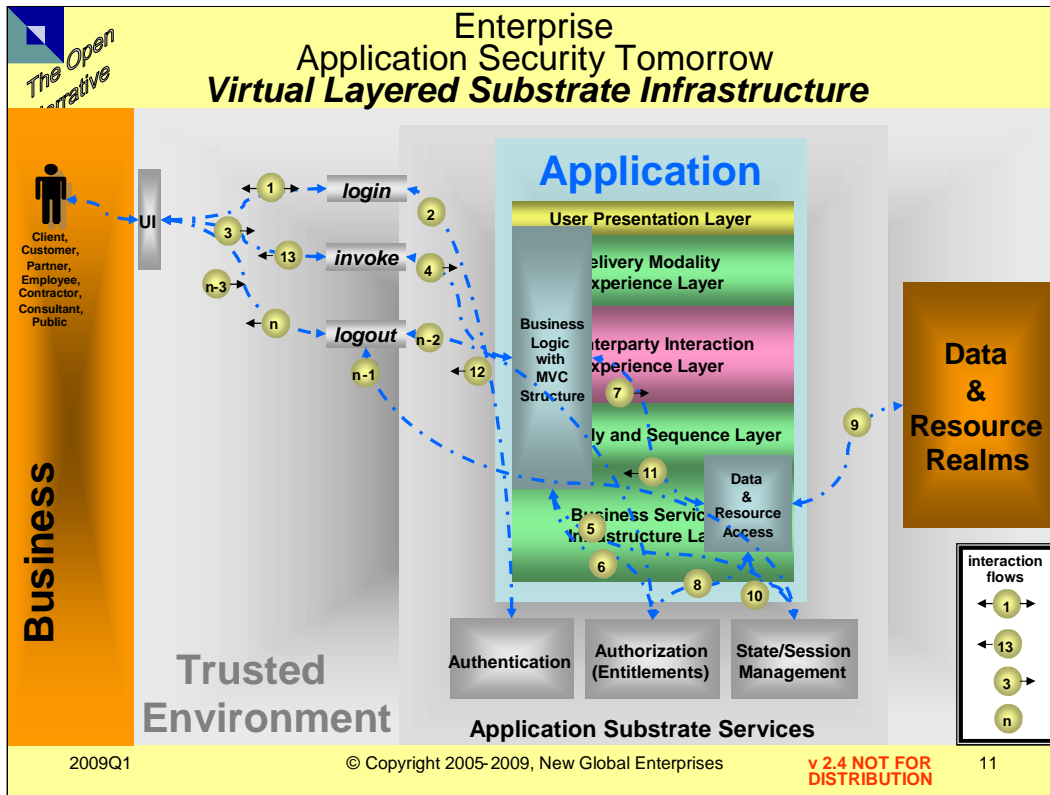
A Scalable Application Infrastructure  
Service Oriented Software Architecture  
to Support a Distributed Operational Organization



Process Implementation Focus

# Applying Factor Categories

## Implementing Service Oriented Architecture



Example message sequence and flow  
(Security Services are transparent to the Application)

1. Credential presentation protocol (https put **login** form + password factor and role resolution sequence: rich client?), ends with a Navigation Window
2. Verification Protocol, produces a Certificate which expires if not used within a variable but fixed period of time and always in a variable but fixed period of time
3. Selection protocol in navigation Window (https put **invoke** form)
4. Method invocation in app server of a Java Process: Application Function object
5. Verify credential for use in function (method invocation to Authorization Enterprise Java Bean)
6. Update State and Session Context (method invocation to State/Session Enterprise Java Bean)
7. Request object profile from Data Manager (method invocation to Data Realm Enterprise Java Bean)
8. Verify credential for access to data (method invocation to Authorization Enterprise Java Bean)
9. Send SQL statement to Data Base (e.g., Oracle PS SQL)
10. Update State and Session Context (method invocation to State/Session Enterprise Java Bean)
11. Return Protocol for Result Set
12. Formatting protocol for User View (JSP dhtml)
13. Presentation protocol for User (Browser)
14. Yada yada yada

■

■

■

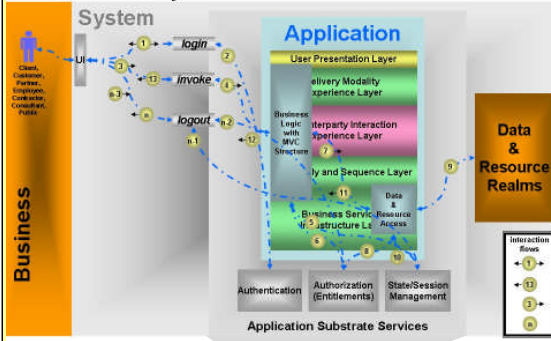
- n-3. Logout protocol
- n-2. Destruction Protocol for Certificate
- n-1. Destruction Protocol for State/Session
- n. User Notification of exit from Application

Etc., etc., etc.

# Full Set of Functional Categories for *Secure Content Aware Networks*

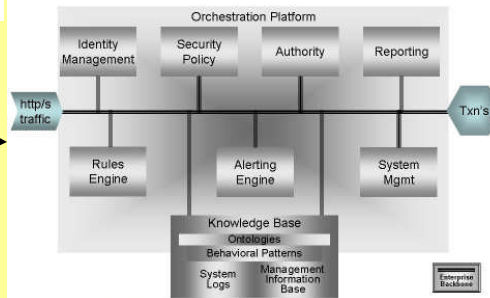
Well-Architected  
Component  
Service Point Suites  
in the Application Layer 7.0

# Application Security Tomorrow Virtual Layered Substrate Infrastructure



# Drilling down into SCAN

## Secure Content Aware Network Component Services



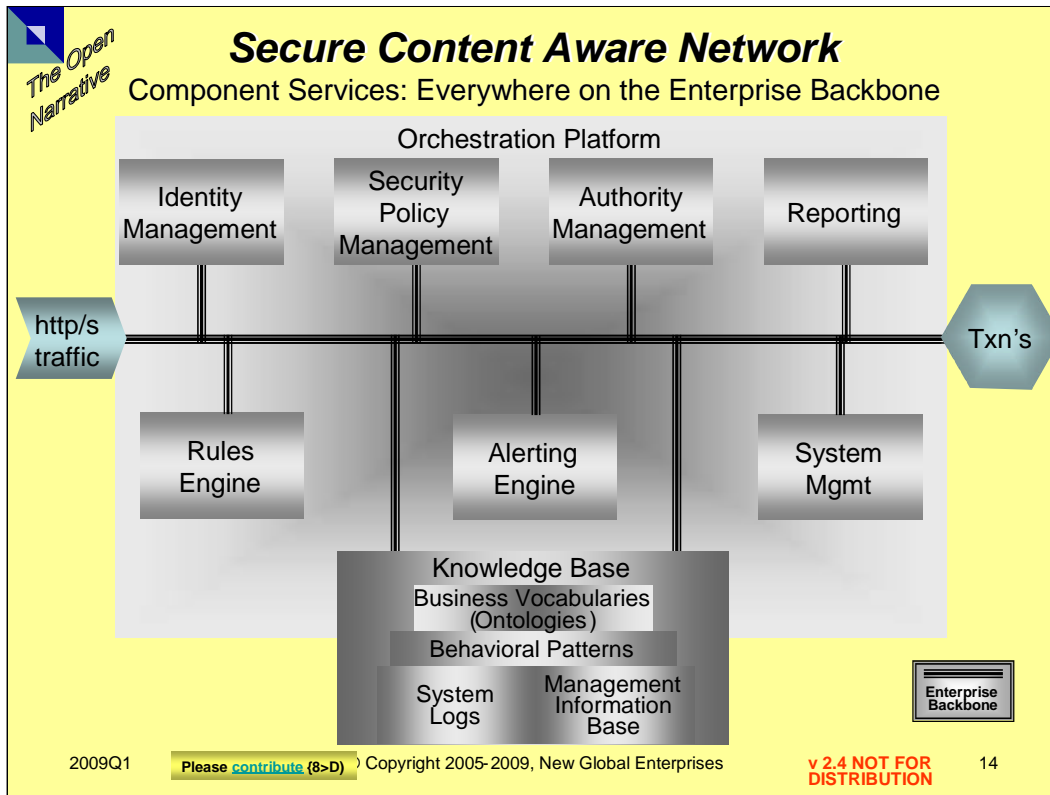
2009Q1

© Copyright 2005-2009, New Global Enterprises

**v 2.4 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION**

13

200504 Please contact (P-D) © Copyright 2005-2009, New Global Enterprises, Inc. The First Year, Year Company Confidential NOT for distribution Version 2.5 5



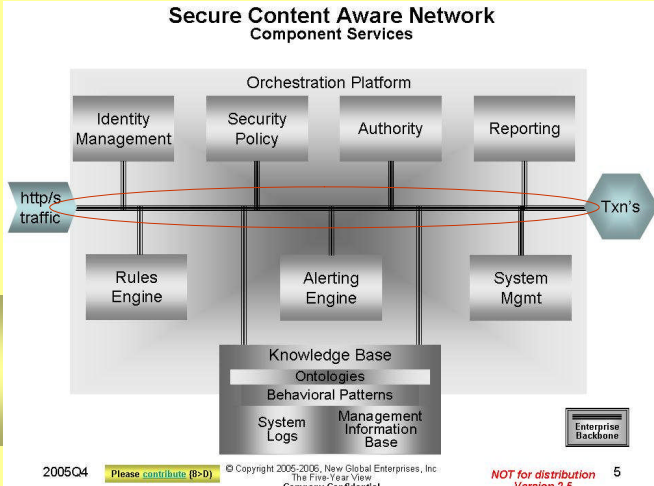
Technology Portfolio Sectors of the Services that Implement the Instruction and Control Points: possible third party suppliers, including Open Source

SCAN tracks the messages and sessions that result in create, read, update and delete of Enterprise Resources, CRUD being a transaction. Enterprise Resources include money, digital information, client data and goods.

# Services that Implement the Instruction and Control Points for a **Secure Content Aware Network (SCAN)**

SCAN tracks the messages and sessions that result in create, read, update and delete of Enterprise Resources, CRUDE being the transaction.

- Enterprise Resources include money, digital information, client data and goods.

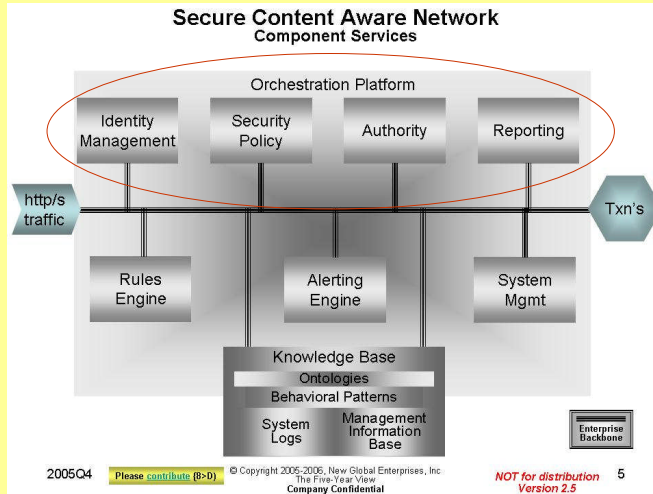


2005Q4 Please contribute (8-0) © Copyright 2005-2006, New Global Enterprises, Inc. The Fine-Grain View Company Confidential NOT for distribution Version 2.5 5

# Functionality Descriptions

Possible third party suppliers, including open source

- **Orchestration Platform**
  - Functions to integrate data and processes amongst the component services in tracking of the traffic and interaction sessions.
    - PI Calculus based (assertions on parallel processes)
- **Identity Management**
  - Authentication services and key and certificate management services ,e.g., Improv
- **Security Policy**
  - Server that contains the set of rules, notification event dispatch, and possibly autonomic actions to intercede, prevent and/or correct.
    - Rohati, Securent
- **Authority Server**
  - Manager of role based permissions
    - Rohati, SOA Software
- **Reporting**
  - Structured Reports; Business Sessions Alert Reports; Active real-time dashboards; Visualizations
    - Quantum 4D

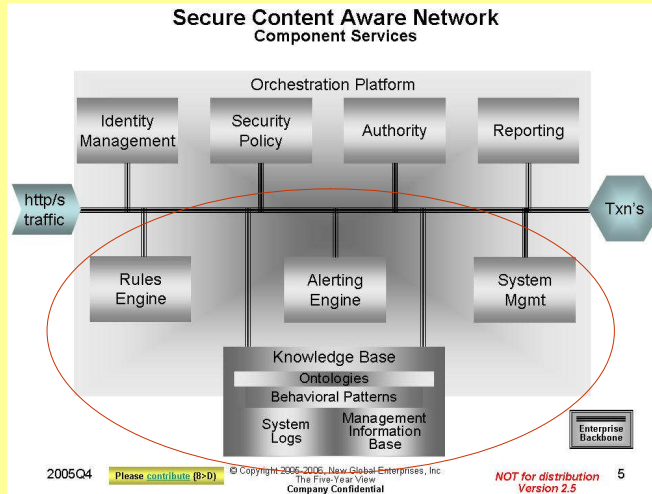




# Functionality Descriptions

Possible third party suppliers, including open source

- Rules Engine
  - Inference management capability based on ontologies like OWL-based
    - Protégé, JESS, ActiveBPEL
  
- Alerting Engine
  - Server that oversees patterns of interest and raises events to be handled by appropriate process
    - Fast XML
  
- System Management
  - Services to collect and store instrumentation data and provide visibility on system processes
    - SOA Software
  
- Knowledge Base
  - Persistent store of semantic information (ontologies), behavioral patterns of interactions, log of system access and use and base of instrumentation data
    - XML, RDF, OWL, XDI, PostgreSQL, Protégé, Jess, sceptreTalk™



# Appendix

## The Abstractions for Security and Enterprise Resource Protection

**Component Objects of Resource Protection**  
*Hierarchy of Definition*

*The Open Narrative*

- **Interactor**
  - Identity/Role of person or system engaging in the Behaviors against Resources controlled by Security Policies
- **Access Behavior**
  - Streams of http/s traffic, logs of actual and attempted entry into Zones of Privacy & Trust and actual and attempted access and usage of the Enterprise Resources
- **Security Policies**
  - Business rules on when who can do what to what
- **Enterprise Resources**
  - The things to protect: Money, Digital Property, Client Information, Shipment of Merchandise

2009Q1 © Copyright 2005-2009, New Global Enterprises v 2.4 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION 19

### Enterprise resources

The things to protect: Money, Digital Property, Client Information, Shipment of Merchandise

### Security Policies

Business rules on who can do what with what by when

### Access Behavior

Streams of http/s traffic, logs of actual and attempted entry into Enterprise Zones of Trust and actual and attempted access and usage of the Enterprise Resources

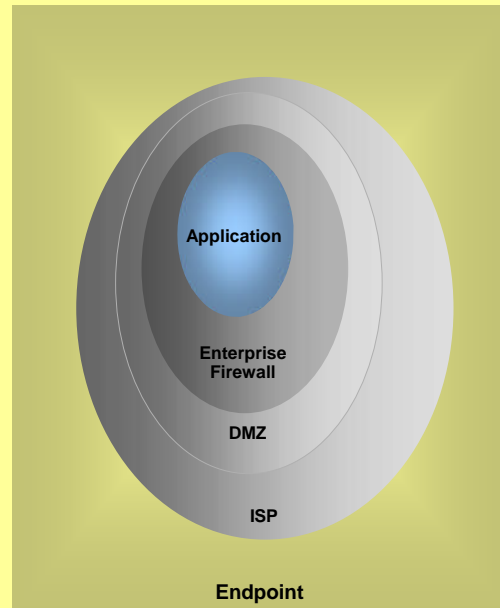
### Interactor

Identity and Role of person or system engaging in the Behaviors

# Concentric Zones of Privacy & Trust

## Locales of Policy Enforcement Points

- **Endpoint**
  - Minimum visibility: 0<sup>th</sup> Zone of Privacy and Trust
- **ISP**
  - Perimeter of 1<sup>st</sup> Zone of Privacy & Trust
- **DMZ**
  - Perimeter of 2<sup>nd</sup> Zone of Privacy & Trust
- **Enterprise Firewall**
  - Perimeter of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Zone of Privacy & Trust
- **Application**
  - Core of enforcement: access and change



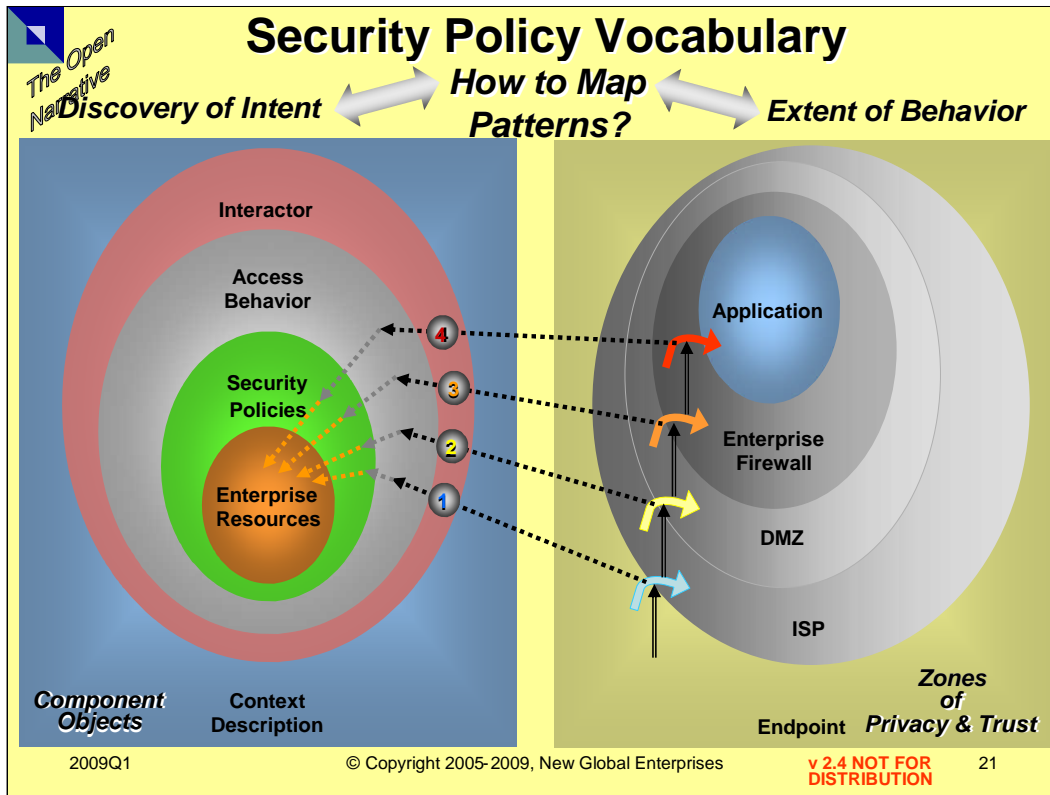
2009Q1

© Copyright 2005-2009, New Global Enterprises

v 2.4 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION

20

Thanks to John Macauley (jmacauley@insignisconsulting.com) for this observation



Do retinal scans: What you see is what you get.

Enterprise Resources (Thanks to Bob Ciccone (me@BobCiccone.com) for these categories

Control: Money, Digital Property, Customer Information, Shipments of Merchandise

Surveillance: Security, Risk and Regulation

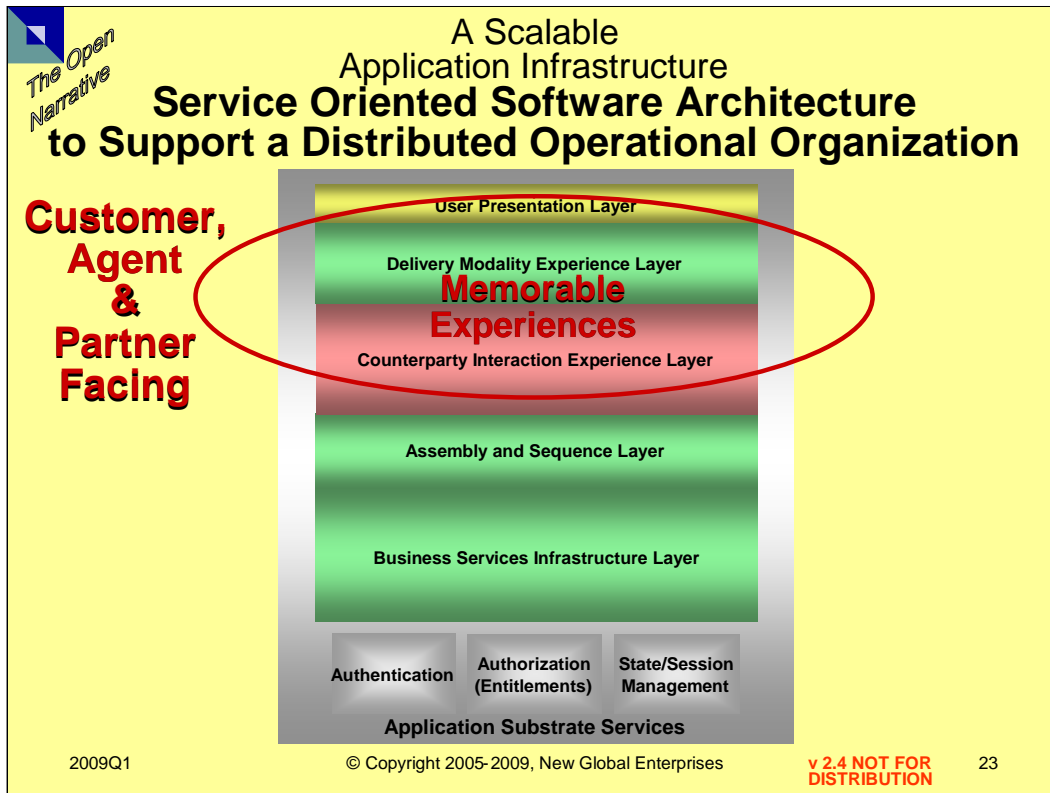
Transactions

Request) Instruction (Order, Delivery, Payment, Information

There is a business even more in this network architecture. IPV6 is still a dream.

# ***User Value Creation***

The Outside-In View  
for  
Customers, Agents and Partners



### Business Investment Focus:

**Creating Capabilities (Processes that produce significant outputs) known as Service Point Suites in the SOA World.**

#### •Products

Targets basic Business Entity services like Customer, Product, Partner, Employee, etc, and the capabilities to orchestrate and integrate because this is the Product customization feature

#### •Delivery Modality

Targets Channel and User Presentation Experiences which are the modalities that the Customer/Clients Segments deal with the Services/Products of the Firm

#### •Segments

Targets the Client Services Experience with Firm Business Processes

**•All three Firm Business Units invest in the Application Substrate Services as these are common infrastructure for Applications**

### Service Layers

•**User Presentation Experience**—the look and feel of the Client and Provider interaction.

•**Delivery Modality Experience**—which is how a device/delivery mechanism mediates the Client Experience: a cell phone is different from a Blackberry is different from a mouse, keyboard and monitor which differ through direct-connect served by an agent as opposed to through the Web.

•**Counterparty Interaction Experience**—which is how the Client and Provider discover and deliver the Value in those services: this is, after all, the Business point of it all.

•**Assembly and Sequence**—which composes those basic and other composite services: the subject of current W3C working group debate.

•**Business Services Infrastructure**—which form the basic component substrate: IBM (PwC) has done a version of this for European Banking.

•**Application Substrate Services**—which handle the management of (1) security (Identity, Authorization and Role), (2) messaging protocols among components (both within and outside the enterprise, e.g., Web Services, E-Mail, IM, VoIP), (3) session/work flow, (4) personalization, and, (5) the collection, integration, storage and delivery of data to components of the Stack: all these functionalities “just happen” which allows the creator of functionality of the components to focus on business requirements

## Designing

### Memorable Experiences

- Theme the Experience
  - Not “Coffee Shop” but “Third Place”
- Harmonize impressions with positive cues
  - Not “Your table is ready” but “Your dining adventure is about to begin”
- Mitigate negative cues
  - Not “Thank you’ on the trash can”  
but “Trash cans that say ‘Thank you!’ when a deposit is made”
- Mix in memorabilia
  - Provide mementos of the Experience
- Engage all five senses
  - Provide a Total Experience

2009Q1

© Copyright 2005-2009, New Global Enterprises

Pine & Gilmore, *Welcome to the Experience Economy*, HBR, July-August 1998, pp. 102-105  
v 2.4 NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION 24

Theme

The Balcony

Increase (+Cue)

What happened today will be good to deal with.

Reduce (-Cue)

Something free as “A Small Thank You” for keeping your money with us.

Provide Memento

Rosebud

Engage Holistic Sensing

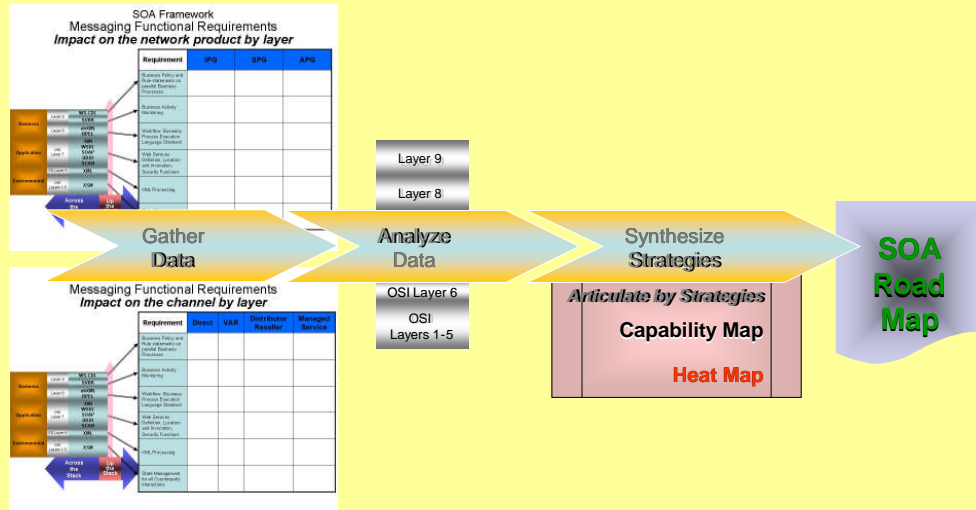
Total Immersion

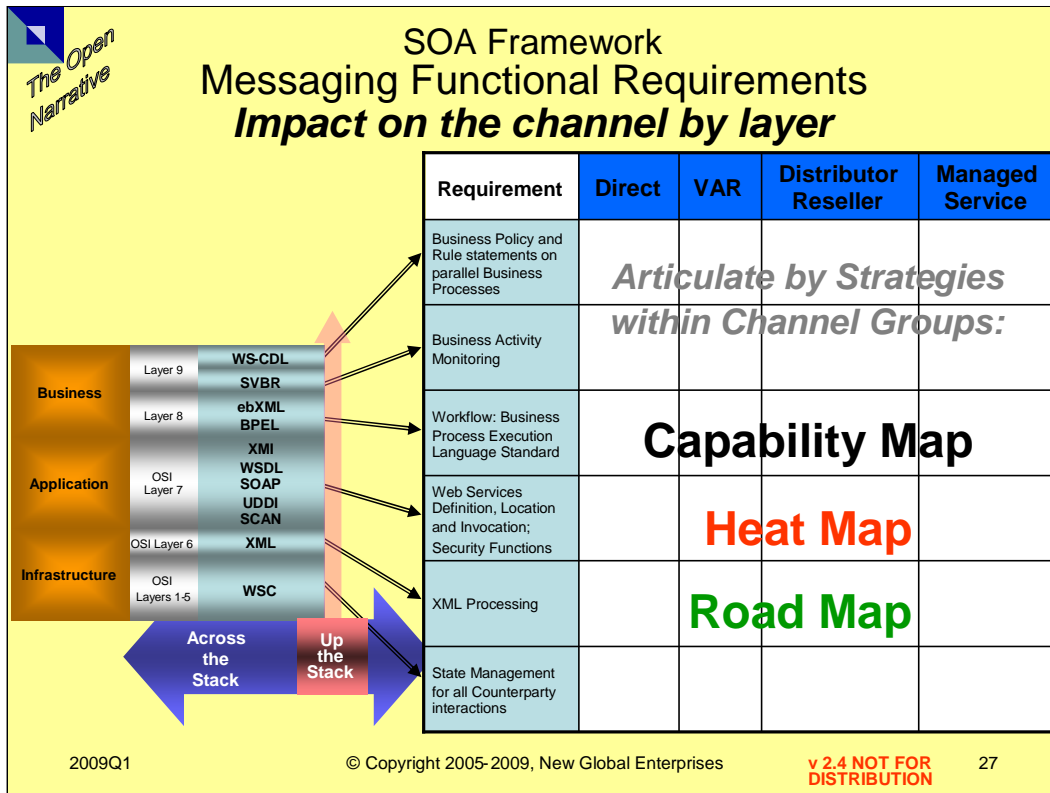


# Creating a **SCAN** Service Oriented Architecture Strategy

Analyzing Channels and Products  
and  
Creating a SOA Framework  
Vendor Roadmap

# SOA Strategy Planning Process

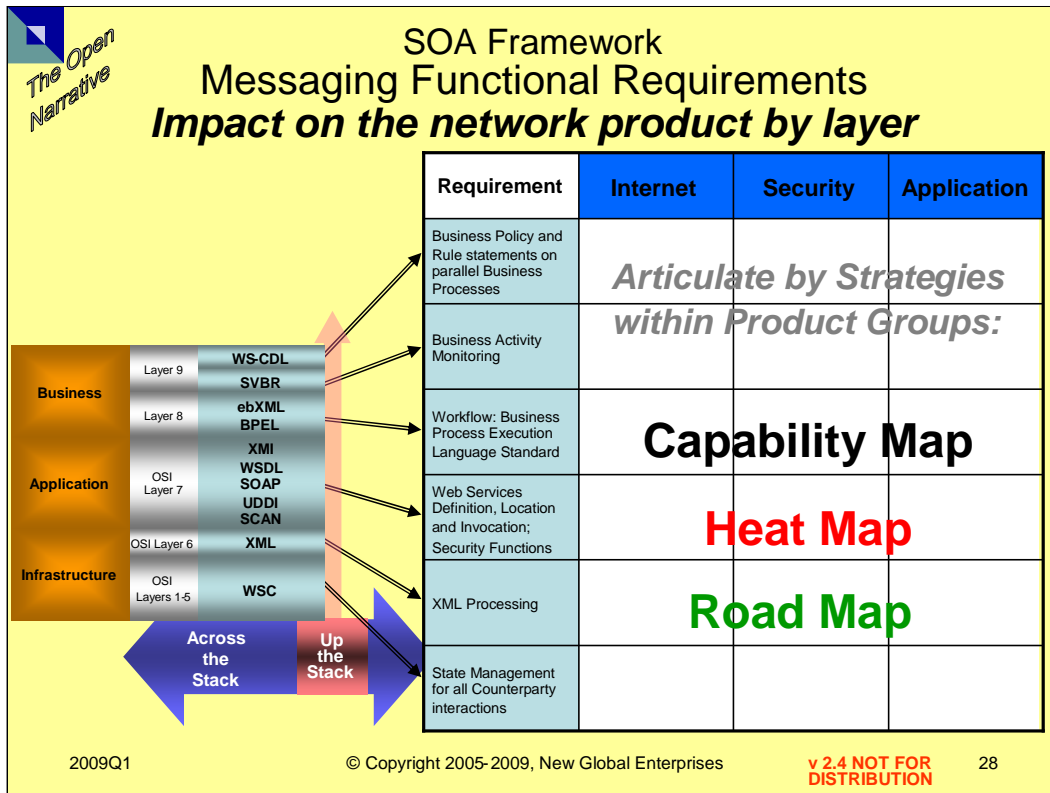




1. Capability Map  
What knowledge, skills and processes are required to deliver the functionality?
2. Heat Map  
What is state of Capability to Provide?
3. Road Map  
How do we get there in 3-5 years?

Equally applicable to Channel Services:

1. Direct
  2. VAR
  3. Distributor/Reseller
  4. Managed Service
- Service
  - Experience



1. Capability Map  
What knowledge, skills and processes are required to deliver the functionality?
2. Heat Map  
What is state of Capability to Provide?
3. Road Map  
How do we get there in 3-5 years?

WS-CDL:

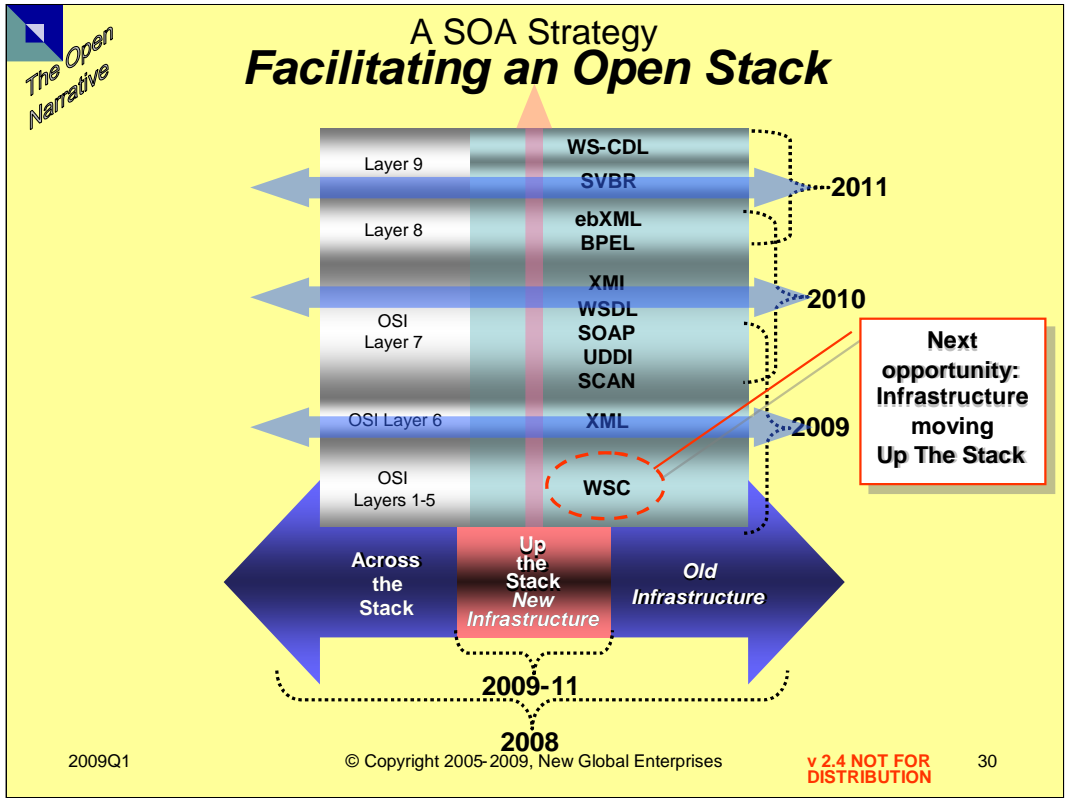
Equally applicable to Channel Services:

1. Direct
2. VAR
3. Distributor/Reseller
4. Managed

# The Internet

Filling Out  
Growing Up  
Staying Open

***IPSphere*** is a great starting point



XSM

A state machine standard spec, REST works fine as the framework

Notice the caliper icon

Secure Content Aware Network